Test Series: November, 2023

MOCK TEST PAPER 1

FOUNDATION COURSE

PAPER - 1: PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE OF ACCOUNTING

ANSWERS

- 1. (a) (i) True: Salary paid in advance relates to the coming accounting period. It has nothing to do with the current period. Hence it is not taken in the Profit and Loss Account as an expense. It is shown as a Current Asset in the Balance Sheet.
 - (ii) False: Accrual concept implies accounting on 'due' or 'accrual' basis. Accrual basis of accounting involves recognition of revenues and costs as and when they accrue irrespective of actual receipts or payments.
 - (iii) **True:** If closing stock appears in the trail balance, it depicts that one aspect of the double entry has been completed.
 - (iv) True: Discount at the time of retirement of a bill is a gain for the drawee and loss for the drawer.
 - (v) False: According to Partnership Act, in the absence of any agreement to the contrary profits and losses are to be shared equally among partners.
 - (vi) False: Receipts and payments account is a classified summary of cash receipts and payments over a certain period together with cash and bank balances at the beginning and close of the period.
 - **(b)** Cash and mercantile system: Cash system of accounting is a system by which a transaction is recognized only if cash is received or paid. In cash system of accounting, entries are made only when cash is received or paid, no entry being made when a payment or receipt is merely due. Cash system is normally followed by professionals, educational institutions or non-profit making organizations.

On the other hand, mercantile system of accounting is a system of classifying and summarizing transactions into assets, liabilities, equity (owner's fund), costs, revenues and recording thereof. A transaction is recognized when either a liability is created/ impaired and an asset is created /impaired. A record is made on the basis of amounts having become due for payment or receipt irrespective of the fact whether payment is made or received actually.

Mercantile system of accounting is generally accepted accounting system by business entities

(c) Journal Entries in the books of Annamalai Bros.

	Particulars	Dr.	Cr.
		Amount (₹)	Amount (₹)
(i)	Salaries A/c	15,000	
	To Purchase A/c		15,000
	(Being entry made for stock taken by employees)		
(ii)	Machinery A/c	16,000	
	To Cash A/c		16,000
	(Being wages paid for erection of machinery)		

(iii)	Drawings A/c	3,400	
	To Petty Cash A/c		3,400
	(Being the income tax of proprietor paid out of business money)		
(iv)	Purchase A/c	3,600	
	To Cash A/c		3,500
	To Discount Received A/c		100
	(Being the goods purchased from Naveen for ₹ 4,000 @ 10% trade discount and cash discount of ₹ 100)		

2. (a)

Statement of Valuation of Stock on 30th April,2023

			₹
Value	of stock as on 23 rd April, 2023		48,00,000
Add:	Unsold stock out of the goods sent on consignment	2,40,000	
	Purchases during the period from 23 rd April, 2023 to 30 th April, 2023	2,40,000	
	Goods in transit on 30th April, 2023	1,60,000	
	Cost of goods sent on approval basis (80% of ₹ 1,60,000)	<u>1,28,000</u>	<u>7,68,000</u>
			55,68,000
Less:	Cost of sales during the period from 23 rd April, 2023 to 30 th April,2023		
	Sales (₹ 13,60,000-₹ 1,60,000)	12,00,000	
	Less: Gross profit	96,000	
			<u>11,04,000</u>
Value	of stock as on 30th April, 2023		<u>44,64,000</u>

Working Notes:

		₹	₹
1.	Calculation of normal sales:		
	Actual sales		13,60,000
	Less: Abnormal sales	1,20,000	
	Return of goods sent on approval	1,60,000	2,80,000
			<u>10,80,000</u>
2.	Calculation of gross profit:		
	Gross profit or normal sales		2,16,000
	20/100 x ₹ 10,80,000		
	Less: Loss on sale of particular (abnormal) goods		
	(2,40,000 - 1,20,000)		<u>1,20,000</u>
	Gross profit		<u>96,000</u>

(b) In the books of M/s Mazars Machinery A/c

Date	Account	(in ₹)	Date	Account	(in ₹)
01.01.2021	To Balance b/d	4,56,000	01.07.2021	By Bank A/c	2,50,000
				By P&L A/c – Loss on Sale	50,000
30.09.2021	To Bank A/c	60,000	31.12.2021	By Depreciation	37,500
				By Balance c/d	1,78,500
		5,16,000			5,16,000
01.01.2022	To Balance b/d	1,78,500	31.12.2022	By Depreciation	26,775
			31.12.2022	By Balance c/d	1,51,725
		1,78,500			1,78,500

Working Note: Calculation of Book Value of Machines under SLM

	Machine 1	Machine 2	Machine 3
	(in ₹)	(in ₹)	(in ₹)
Date of Purchase	01.01.2019	01.07.2019	30.09.2021
Original Cost	4,00,000	1,60,000	60,000
Depreciation for 2019 (SLM)	<u>(40,000)</u>	<u>(8,000)</u>	
WDV on 31.12.2019	3,60,000	1,52,000	
Depreciation for 2020 (SLM)	<u>(40,000)</u>	<u>(16,000)</u>	
WDV on 31.12.2020	3,20,000	1,36,000	
Depreciation for 2021 (SLM)	(20,000)	<u>(16,000)</u>	<u>(1,500)</u>
WDV on 31.12.2021 (30th June for	3,00,000	1,20,000	58,500
Machine1)			
Sale Proceeds	(2,50,000)		
Loss on Sale	50,000		
Depreciation for 2022 (WDV @ 15%)	-	<u>(18,000)</u>	<u>(8,775)</u>
WDV on 31.12.2022	-	1,02,000	49,725

3. (a) Journal Entries in the books of Rajat

2023			Dr.	Cr.
			(₹)	(₹)
Jan. 1	Bills receivable (No. 1) A/c	Dr.	32,000	
	Bills receivable (No. 2) A/c	Dr.	50,000	
	To Vishal A/c			82,000
	(Being drawing of bills receivable No. 1 due for maturity on 4.3.2023 and bills receivable No. 2 due for maturity on 4.4.2023)			
March 4	Vishal's A/c	Dr.	32,000	
	To Bills receivable (No.1) A/c			32,000
	(Being the reversal entry for bill No.1 on renewal)			

March 4	Bills receivable (No. 3) A/c	Dr.	32,800	
	To Interest A/c			800
	To Vishal 's A/c			32,000
	(Being the drawing of bill of exchange no. 3 due for maturity on 7.5.2023 together with interest at 15%p.a. in lieu of the original acceptance of Vishal)			
March 25	Bank A/c	Dr.	49,500	
	Discount A/c	Dr.	500	
	To Bills receivable (No. 2) A/c			50,000
	(Being the amount received on retirement of bills No.2 before the due date)			
May 7	Vishal's A/c	Dr.	32,800	
	To Bills receivable (No. 3) A/c			32,800
	(Being the amount due from Vishal on dishonour of his acceptance on presentation on the due date)			
May 7	Bank A/c	Dr.	16,400	
	To Vishal's A/c			16,400
	(Being the amount received from official assignee of Vishal at 50 paise per rupee against dishonoured bill)			
May 7	Bad debts A/c	Dr.	16,400	
	To Vishal's A/c			16,400
	(Being the balance 50% debt in Vishal's Account arising out of dishonoured bill written off as bad debts)			

(b) Calculation of Average Due Date Taking Base Date 21.07.2022

Date of bill	Period	Due Date	Amount Number of Days from Base Date		Product
			₹		₹
9.4.2022	4 months	12.08.2022	3,000	22	66,000
18.4.2022	3 months	21.07.2022	5,500	0	0
25.5.2022	6 months	28.11.2022	3,000	130	3,90,000
5.6.2022	3 months	8.09.2022	6,000	49	2,94,000
			<u>17,500</u>		<u>7,50,000</u>

Average Due Date =
$$21$$
st July + $\frac{7,50,000}{17,500}$ = $21.7.2022 + 43$ days = $2.09.2022$.

Since two new bills will be drawn, their due dates will be as follows:

First Bill- 1.7.2022 + 4 months = 4.11.2022;

Second Bill- 1.7.2022+ 6 months = 4.1.2023.

Interest to be charged in respect of the above bills:

1st bill = Interest will be charged on ₹ 10,000 @ 10% p.a. for 63 days (2.09.2022 to

4.11.2022)

= ₹ 10,000 x 10% x 63/365 = ₹ 172.60

2nd bill = Interest will be charged on ₹ 7,500 (₹ 17,500 - 10,000) @ 10% p.a. for 124

days (2.09.2022 to 4.1.2023)

= ₹7,500 x 10% x 124/365 = ₹254.80.

Therefore, the value of the two bills:

First bill = ₹ 10,000

Second bill = ₹ (7,500+172.60+254.80)

= ₹7,927.4

(c) In the books of Mr. Lee

Mr. Cooper in Account Current with Mr. Lee (Interest to 31st March, 2023 @ 12% p.a.)

(By means of product)

Date	Particulars	Due	Amount	Days	Product	Date		Particulars	Due	Amount	Days	Product
2023		Date	₹			2023			Date	₹		
Jan 12	To Sales A/c	Feb. 1	30,000	58	17,40,000	Jan. 1	Ву	Balance b/d	Jan. 1	3,500	90	3,15,000
Jan 31	To Sales A/c	Feb. 15	27,500	44	12,10,000	Feb. 15	Ву	Cash A/c	Feb. 15	40,000	44	17,60,000
Mar. 31	To Interest		130			Feb. 20	Ву	Cash A/c	Feb. 20	7,500	39	2,92,500
	$3,96,500/365$ $x \frac{12}{100}$					Mar. 10	Ву	Sales returns	Mar. 10	7,000	21	1,47,000
						Mar. 25	Ву	Cash A/c	Mar. 25	6,500	6	39,000
Mar. 31	To Balance c/d		6,870			Mar. 31	Ву	Balance of products				3,96,500
			64,500		29,50,000					64,500		29,50,000

4. (a) Revaluation Account

		₹			₹
То	Plant & Machinery (1,70,000 x 15%)	25,500	Ву	Land & Building A/c	1,52,000
То	Provision for Bad & Doubtful Debts (60,000 x 5%)	3,000			
То	Outstanding Repairs to Building	6,000			
То	P's Capital A/c (5/8)	73,438			
То	Q's Capital A/c (3/8)	44,062			
		1,52,000			1,52,000

Partners Capital Account

	P	Q	R		P	Q	R
To P's Capital A/c	-		20,000	By Balance b/d	4,10,000	3,30,000	-

To Q's Capital A/c			12,000	By Revaluation A/c	73,438	44,062	-
To Q's Current A/c	-	68,062		By Profit & Loss A/c	70,000	42,000	-
To Balance c/d	6,00,000	3,60,000	2,40,000	By Bank	-	-	2,72,000
				By R's Capital A/c	20,000	12,000	-
				By P's Current A/c	26,562	-	-
	6,00,000	4,28,062	2,72,000		6,00,000	4,28,062	2,72,000

Calculation of New Profit Sharing Ratio and gaining ratio:

R's Share of Profit = 1/5 = 2/10

Remaining Share = 1 - 1/5 = 4/5

P's Share = $5/8 \times 4/5 = 20/40 = 5/10$

Q's Share = $3/8 \times 4/5 = 12/40 = 3/10$

New Profit sharing Ratio = 5:3:2

Gaining ratio = 5:3 (same as old profit sharing ratio among old partners)

Balance sheet of M/s Pigeon and Associates as on 31.3.2023

Liabilities		₹	Assets		
Capital Accounts:			Land & Buildings		5,32,000
Р	6,00,000		Plant & Machinery	1,70,000	
Q	3,60,000		Less: Depreciation	<u>25,500</u>	1,44,500
R	2,40,000	12,00,000	Furniture		1,09,480
Q's Current A/c		68,062	Stock		1,45,260
Trade Creditors		54,800	Sundry Debtors	60,000	
Outstanding Repairs to Building		6,000	Less: Provision	<u>3,000</u>	57,000
			Cash at Bank		3,14,060
			P's current A/c		26,562
		13,28,862			13,28,862

Working Note:

Required Balance of Capital Accounts

R's Capital after writing off Goodwill = 2,72,000 - 32,000 = 2,40,000

R's Share of Profit = 1/5

Thus Capital of the firm shall be = $2,40,000 \times 5 = 12,00,000$

P's Capital = $12,00,000 \times 5/10 = 6,00,000$ and

Q's Capital = $12,00,000 \times 3/10 = 3,60,000$

Trading and Profit and Loss Account of Mr. Kamal for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(b)

Cr.

<u>. </u>						Cr.
			Amount			Amount
		₹	₹		₹	Ŕ
То	Opening stock		64,500	By Sales	4,27,150	
То	Purchases	3,06,200		Less: Sales return	<u>5,150</u>	4,22,000
	Less: Purchases return	3,450	3,02,750	By Closing stock		
	Carriage inward		2,250	(₹ 1,60,000 ×		2,50,000
	Wages		23,430	\		
10	Gross profit c/d		2,79,070	$\frac{100}{80} \times \frac{100}{80}$		
			6,72,000			6,72,000
			0,72,000			0,12,000
То	Salaries		45,100	By Gross profit b/d		2,79,070
То	Rent		8,600	By Bad debts		900
				recovered		
То	Advertisement expenses		8,350			
То	Printing and stationery		2,500			
То	Bad debts		2,200			
То	Carriage outward		2,700			
То	Provision for doubtful debts					
	5% of ₹ 2,40,000 12,000					
	Less: Existing provision $\underline{6,400}$		5,600			
То	Provision for discount on debtors					
	2.5% of ₹ 2,28,000 5,700					
	Less: Existing provision $\underline{2,750}$		2,950			
То	Depreciation:					
	Plant and machinery	6,000				
	Furniture and fittings	<u>2,050</u>	8,050			
То	Office expenses		20,320			
То	Interest on loan		6,000			
То	Net profit					
	(Transferred to capital		4 07 066			
	account)		1,67,600			
			2,79,970			<u>2,79,970</u>

Balance Sheet of Mr. Kamal as on 31st March, 2023

Liabilities	(₹)	Amount (₹)	Assets	(₹)	Amount (₹)
Capital account	1,30,000	()	Plant and machinery	40,000	()
Add: Net profit	1,67,600		Less: Depreciation	<u>6,000</u>	34,000
	2,97,600		Furniture and fittings	20,500	
Less: Drawings	23,000	2,74,600	Less: Depreciation	<u>2,050</u>	18,450

Bank overdraft	1,60,000	Closing stock		2,50,000
Sundry creditors	95,000	Sundry debtors	2,40,000	
Payable salaries	4,900	Less: Provision for doubtful debts	12,000	
		Provision for disc on debtors	<u>5,700</u>	2,22,300
		Prepaid rent		600
		Cash in hand		2,900
		Cash at bank		6,250
	5,34,500			5,34,500

5. Pushp Speciality Hospital

Income & Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 December, 2022

Expenditure		(₹)	Inco	ome	(₹)
То	Salaries	48,000	Ву	Subscriptions	49,000
То	Diet expenses	31,200	Ву	Govt. Grants (Maintenance)	40,000
То	Rent & Rates	3,400	Ву	Fees, Sundry Patients	9,600
То	Printing & Stationery	4,800	Ву	Donations	16,000
То	Electricity & Water-charges	4,800	Ву	Benefit shows (net collections)	12,000
То	Office expenses	4,000	Ву	Interest on Investments	1,600
То	Excess of Income over				
	expenditure transferred to				
	Capital Fund	32,000			
		1,28,200			1,28,200

Balance Sheet as at 31st Dec., 2022

Liabilities	₹	₹	Assets	₹	₹
Capital Fund :			Building :		
Opening balance	98,600		Opening balance	1,80,000	
Excess of Income			Addition	<u>1,00,000</u>	2,80,000
Over Expenditure	<u>32,000</u>	1,30,600	Hospital Equipment :		
Building Fund :			Opening balance	68,000	
Opening balance	1,60,000		Addition	34,000	1,02,000
Add: Govt. Grant	<u>1,60,000</u>	3,20,000	Furniture		12,000
Subscriptions			Investments-		
received in advance		4,800	8% Govt. Securities		40,000
			Subscriptions receivable		2,800
			Accrued interest		1,600
			Prepaid expenses (Rent)		600

		Cash at Bank	13,600
		Cash in hand	2,800
	4,55,400		4,55,400

Working Notes:

(1)

Balance sheet as at 31st Dec., 2022

<u> </u>							
	Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹			
	Capital Fund		Building	1,80,000			
	(Balancing Figure)	98,600	Equipment	68,000			
	Building Fund	1,60,000	Subscription Receivable	13,000			
	Creditors for Expenses :		Cash at Bank	10,400			
	Salaries payable	<u>14,400</u>	Cash in hand	1,600			
		<u>2,73,000</u>		<u>2,73,000</u>			
(2)	Value of Building			₹			
	Balance on 31st Dec. 2022			2,80,000			
	Paid during the year			(1,00,000)			
	Balance on 31st Dec. 2021			<u>1,80,000</u>			
(3)	Value of Equipment						
	Balance on 31st Dec. 2022			1,02,000			
	Paid during the year			(34,000)			
	Balance on 31st Dec. 2021			<u>68,000</u>			
(4)	Subscription due for 2021						
	Receivable on 31st Dec. 2021			13,000			
	Received in 2022			(10,200)			
	Still Receivable for 2022			<u>2,800</u>			

6. (a)

Journal of V Kohli. Ltd.

			Dr.	Cr.
2022			₹ in lakhs	₹ in lakhs
June 1	Bank A/c	Dr.	300	
	To Shares Application A/c			300
	(Receipt of applications for 15 lakh shares along			
	with application money of ₹ 20 per share.)			
June 1	Share Application A/c	Dr.	300	
	Share Allotment A/c	Dr.	450	
	To Share Capital A/c			750
	(The allotment of 15 lakh shares : payable on			
	application ₹ 20 share and ₹ 30 on allotment as per Directors' resolution no dated)			
June 1	Bank A/c	Dr.	465	
	To Shares Allotment A/c			450

	To Calls in Advance A/c			15
	[Receipt of money due on allotment @ ₹ 30, also the two calls (₹ 30 and ₹ 20) on 30,000 shares.]			
Nov. 1	Share First Call A/c	Dr.	450	
	To Share Capital A/c			450
	(The amount due on 15 lakh shares @ ₹ 30 on			
	first call, as per Directors, resolution no dated)			
	Bank A/c	Dr.	441	
	Calls in Advance A/c	Dr.	9	
	To Share First Call A/c			450
	(Receipt of the first call on 14.7 lakh shares, the			
	balance having been previously received			
	and now debited to call in advance account.)			
2023				
March 1	Share Final Call A/c	Dr.	300	
	To Share Capital A/c			300
	(The amount due on Final Call on 15 lakh shares			
	@ ₹ 20 per share, as per Directors' resolution no dated)			
March1	Bank A/c	Dr.	294	
IVIGITOTIT	Calls in Advance A/c	Dr.	6	
	To Share Final Call A/c			300
	(Receipt of the moneys due on final call on 14.7			
	lakhs shares, the balance having been previously			
Manalad	received.)	Б.	0.00	
March 1	Interest on calls in Advance A/c To Shareholder A/c	Dr.	0.99	0.99
	(Being interest on call in advance made due)			0.99
March 1	Shareholder A/c	Dr.	0.99	
	To Bank A/c			0.99
	(Being interest paid)			

Working Note:

(b)

The interest on calls in advance paid @ 12% on :	₹
₹ 9,00,000 (first call) from 1st June to 1st Nov., 2022–5 months	45,000
₹ 6,00,000 (final call) from 1st June to 1st March., 2023–9 months	54,000
Total Interest Amount Due	99,000

In the books of Suman Company Ltd.

Journal Entries

Date	Particulars		Dr. ₹	Cr. ₹
(a)	Bank A/c	Dr.	90,00,000	
	To Debentures Application A/c			90,00,000

	(Being the application money received on 20,000 debentures @ ₹ 450 each)			
	Debentures Application A/c	Dr.	90,00,000	
	Discount on issue of Debentures A/c	Dr.	10,00,000	
	To 14% Debentures A/c			1,00,00,000
	(Being the issue of 20,000 14% Debentures @ 90% as per Board's Resolution Nodated)			
(b)	Bank A/c	Dr.	40,00,000	
	To Bank Loan A/c (See Note)			40,00,000
	(Being a loan of ₹ 40,00,000 taken from bank by issuing debentures of ₹50,00,000 as collateral security)			
(c)	Fixed Assets A/c	Dr.	40,00,000	
	To Vendor A/c			40,00,000
	(Being the purchase of fixed assets from vendor)			
	Vendor A/c	Dr.	40,00,000	
	Discount on Issue of Debentures A/c	Dr.	10,00,000	
	To 14% Debentures A/c			50,00,000
	(Being the issue of debentures of ₹ 50,00,000 to vendor to satisfy his claim)			

Note: No entry is made in the books of account of the company at the time of making issue of such debentures. In the "Notes to Accounts" of Balance Sheet, the fact that the debentures being issued as collateral security and outstanding are shown by a note under the liability secured.

- (c) (i) Error of Commission.
 - (ii) Error of Omission.
 - (iii) Error of Commission.
 - (iv) Error of Omission.
 - (v) Error of Principle.